

2 GIRLS LOSE LIVES AT TENEMENT FIRE

Mrs. Hankin Rescues Her Baby
and Son; Rest of Family
Stricken by Smoke.

ESCAPES ARE NUMEROUS

Police and Firemen Searched
in Saving the Tenants of
Upper East Side House.

Mrs. Clara Hankin was making cookies last night in the kitchen of her apartment on the fifth floor of the brick tenement at 76 East 115th street, and she was being mightily closely watched by all the family, including Dolly, aged 10; Pearl, 3; and Victor, 7, and Victoria, aged 1 year. Mrs. Hankin was just about to put the cookies in the oven to bake, and a pleasurable little sigh of anticipation had broken from all of the children, when Dolly discovered that flames and smoke were pouring through the transom of the door leading into the hallway.

Mrs. Hankin left her baking and rushed to the door. She threw it open and found that the hall was in flames and that the entire lower part of the house seemed to be on fire. She ran back into the kitchen, picked up Louis, a Victoria, and started toward the fire escape, calling on Dolly to carry Pearl and hurry. She thought Dolly and Pearl were behind her, but when she reached the street she could not see them. She stood at the foot of the fire escape for a long time, calling for her two children. But they did not appear on the fire escape nor did they appear at any of the windows of the apartment.

The mother left Louis and Victoria with a neighbor and told the firemen and the police that Dolly and Pearl were missing. Policemen Joseph J. Fire Patrol No. 3 entered the burning building, and after considerable difficulty succeeded in getting upstairs to the Hankin apartment. They went into the kitchen and found Dolly lying on the floor unconscious with Pearl clamped in her arms.

It was evident that she had carried the smaller girl as far as the window and then had been overcome by smoke. The two girls were taken to Mount Sinai Hospital, where they died a short time later.

Besides the children Mrs. Hankin was severely burned about the face and hands while climbing onto the fire escape from the kitchen window, and several patrolmen and firemen were burned while rescuing members of the ten families in the building whose lives were in danger. Within a few minutes after the alarm was sounded in the building was in flames throughout and the fire escapes were crowded with panic-stricken tenants. Many attempted to jump from the windows but were prevented.

John Levine of 52 Lenox avenue, who was near by when the alarm of fire was sounded, crawled up the front of the burning building and prevented Mrs. Regina Newman, and her girl, Yetta Rosenbaum, from jumping from a window on the second floor. He persuaded the woman and child to stay on the window ledge until firemen arrived with a ladder.

Levine, the woman and child were rescued on the hands by glass fragments caused by the blowing out of window panes on the upper floors. Most of the tenants managed to escape by crawling through the rear fire escape which connects with the adjoining building at No. 74.

The fire started on the ground floor in the apartment of Jacob Goldstein, where an oil stove is believed by the firemen to have exploded and scattered its contents about the room. The Goldstein family were having supper in the kitchen and in their hurried exit left the door open. The flames swept through this door and up the main hallway, cutting off the escape of the tenants. When the firemen arrived in charge of Deputy Chief Charles Griffith he sent out a second alarm. The damage was estimated at \$25,000.

LLOYD GEORGE'S SON HERE ON MAURETANIA

Comes on Business and Won't
Talk Politics.

Major R. Lloyd George, son of the British Prime Minister, arrived yesterday by the Cunarder Mauretania with his wife, daughter of Sir Robert McAlpin, on a business trip which he said might last three weeks. He declared he took no interest in politics, British or otherwise, and that his chief aim in life was engineering, with sheep raising as a recreation, conducted on a farm of 1,000 acres. He is connected with an iron and steel firm represented here by Brown-McFarlane & Co., 120 Broadway. Other arrivals by the Mauretania were Lady Decies, formerly Vivian Gould, who left her children and husband at their home in Ireland and who will visit her mother, Mrs. George Gould, Viceconsul in London, who will go to Washington and later visit friends here; Lady McAlmont, wife of Major-General Sir Hugh McAlmont, who is going to Spain to manage in midwinter before her husband, bound for England; the Misses Mrs. Ronald Greville and a party, including Sir Hedworth Williamson, on their way to California to spend the winter; Dr. Juan Antonio Buero, Minister of Foreign Affairs for Uruguay; Julian Nogueria, who represented Uruguay at the Peace Conference, and Miss Marie V. Fitzgerald, author of the comedy "Without a Name," who will resume her residence in this city after an absence abroad of six years.

SAILS WITH WOODEN FUNNEL.

Freighter Loses Steel Stack, but
Reaches Port Safely.

The British freighter Hortensia, from Povey, arrived yesterday with the unusual jury rig of a wooden funnel, attracting the movie camera men and passengers on the Staten Island ferryboats. The Briton ran afoul of heavy weather on January 24, and it carried away her 30 ton steel funnel, which in crashing over the side carried away rails and smashed lifeboats.

After the turbulence died down the engineering force built a stumpy wooden funnel, lined with metal, and the vessel crawled along, not so pretty as before, but still capable of withstanding weather. In more of which the lost sections of rail and lifeboats.

Strike Spreads at Lynn, Mass.
Lynn, Mass., Jan. 27.—Union workmen of all crafts affiliated with the Building Trades Council here quit work at noon today on contract jobs to back up the wage scale demands of the Building Trades Council, who have been on strike since January 1. The number that went out today was estimated at 500.

PATIENTS AND NURSES COOL IN FIRE PERIL

Lenox Hill Hospital Scene of
\$5,000 Blaze.

A fire started shortly before 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the main operating room of the Lenox Hill Hospital, on Seventy-seventh street and Park and Lexington avenues. No one was hurt, and the patients and nurses accepted the situation without excitement.

The fire, which Fire Chief Kenon believed was caused by defective wiring, was discovered by a porter, and Pauline Kraus at the information desk sent in an alarm and notified the different departments.

As soon as the first fire apparatus and a battalion chief arrived and found that the fire was in a hospital, two more alarms were sent in. The nurses were all at their posts, and two fire companies were detailed to help in removing the patients should that be necessary. Four ambulances stood by to take patients to Flower Hospital in case of need. Police reserves from four stations were there in charge of Inspector Thomas B. Underhill. But the fire was under control in ten minutes.

Fire, water and the firemen partly destroyed the roof above the main operating room, and the small supply rooms and employees' rooms adjoining.

Mrs. Sauer said the damage would be about \$5,000.

'ARMY FOOD SALES ENRICHED TRUCKMAN'

La Guardia Says \$5 a Load
Was Profit Cleared.

F. H. La Guardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, indicated his intention of pressing his fight for a complete investigation of the Department of Markets under the regime of Dr. Jonathan C. Day, former Commissioner, and Commissioner Edwin J. O'Malley, in a letter sent to David Hirschfeld, Commissioner of Accounts, in which he demands specific information regarding army food sales and the expenditures of public money.

Mr. La Guardia asks why this profit was not sold at cost instead of at profit. He said that a \$200,000 surplus fund, which fact now appears to embarrass the city administration. He wants an itemized statement of the expenditure of \$115,335, which is charged against the city. The work at the sales, he alleged, was performed by volunteer city employees already on the salary roll.

An itemized statement accounting for \$145,425 trucking bill itemized by La Guardia, says he understands the work was given to a Long Island contractor who sublet the job and cleared about \$5 on each truckload of goods handled. Further enlightenment on an \$8,000 charge for miscellaneous expenses is asked.

JUDGE TO EXPLAIN ACQUITTAL OF EX-CON

Grand Jury Calls Gibbs in
Case of John Morris.

Judge Louis D. Gibbs of The Bronx County Court has been requested to appear to-morrow before the Grand Jury, which is investigating the trial and acquittal of John Morris, former patrolman charged with highway robbery. According to District Attorney Francis Martin Judge Gibbs will be asked to explain why Morris was not convicted in view of the overwhelming evidence against him, and why the court charged after the acquittal that witnesses had committed bold and flagrant perjury. The witnesses referred to were testifying for the State and the defense against Morris. Judge Gibbs' attention to the trial, Mr. Martin and his assistant, Albert Cohn, appeared before it and again, repeating their charges. It is understood that Morris had been caught with the trial evidence, and that the defense had taken from the manager of a Davey grocery store near his home, 707 Melrose avenue. A half of one paper bill, they claim, was found in the patrolman's pocket, while the other half was in the cash register. Andrew Davey, his manager and other witnesses at the trial were questioned yesterday by the jurymen.

GIRL TRIES SUICIDE IN CLASS.

Mate Knocks Bottle From Hand of
Pupil Who Failed in Studies.

As pupils of the eighth grade in Public School 155, East 119th street, were at their tasks yesterday afternoon one of the number, Gladys Glavin, started drinking iodine in an effort to kill herself. A little girl who sat next to her in the class room knocked the bottle from Philomena's hand before she had swallowed more than half its contents.

Patrolman Edward Burgess, on duty in the neighborhood, gave first aid and called a physician, who rushed the girl to Lenox Hill Hospital, where it was given out last night the child had been sent home, at 437 East 114th street, little the worse for her experience. It was said that the probable cause of the girl's act was that she had failed to pass examinations, that most of her classmates will be graduated next week into high school and that she will be required to drop back a half semester.

UNIVERSAL TRAINING BACKED.

Veterans of Foreign Wars to Support
Federal Legislation.

The Veterans of Foreign Wars will back measures before Congress favoring universal military training. The National Council of Administration, meeting at the Hotel Astor, has declared in favor of universal training. Col. F. W. Harding, Commander-in-Chief of the V. W., said the sentiment of the 800,000 members of the organization, which is expected to number a million by June, is overwhelmingly favorable to universal service as a preparedness measure and as truly democratic.

GITLOW CASE MOVES SLOWLY.

Seventh Juror Chosen in Trial of
Ex-Assemblyman.

The trial of Benjamin Gitlow, a former Assemblyman, who is on trial for criminal anarchy at General Sessions, moved forward a peg yesterday when a seventh juror was chosen to take his seat with the six already selected. The trial, which has passed since the trial opened. The jurymen picked yesterday is William Moore, a clerk employed by Tiffany & Co. Twenty other takersmen were excluded yesterday before Moore was chosen. Most of the other men said they were prejudiced against any one professing Socialism.

'AD' FIN'S FAMILY ONE UGLY GIRL IN N. Y.

That Is, She Was Homely Until
She Confessed She
Really Wasn't.

SOUGHT \$100 ON \$25 BET

Retail Millinery Association
Wanted to Make a Xantippe
Look Beautiful.

In all New York only one young woman could be found yesterday who was willing—for \$100—to admit that she was homely. And it later developed that even she had appeared in answer to an advertisement inserted in yesterday morning's newspapers because of a bet and that, actually, she didn't believe she was looking at all. She admitted frankly that she was not, before Edgar V. M. Goldberg, business manager of the Retail Millinery Association of America, finished talking with her.

The association is to hold a Fashion Show at the Hotel Astor next Monday night. Two weeks ago Mr. Goldberg advertised for good looking models and selected thirty out of the 120 who presented themselves at the association's offices at 1270 Broadway. The milliners feel that they have a problem before them this year because of the tremendous increase in price of black headed pins, wire, artificial cherries and nearly everything which enters into the manufacture of chic feminine headgear. Hats which formerly might be taken home for \$9.99 cannot be carried this spring even as far as the shop door for three times that figure.

Real Object of the "Ad."

After studying the psychology of the situation Mr. Goldberg caused this advertisement to be published yesterday, the theory being that it would be worth \$100 to the association to get hold of a really unattractive young woman merely to transform her into an embodiment of feminine purchasing power, an amazed audience at the Fashion Show.

It is believed that if the fact can be impressed upon the women of the United States that the millinery designing art has now reached a stage where almost any one can be made to appear beautiful, through the addition of a perfectly appropriate hat, gown and other accessories hardly any normal woman is going to balk at a mere matter of dollars and cents.

"People like Vaselin Villard and Mme. Lisette of Paris, and Miriam Bauboulogne, the designer for Joffe, are going to be at the show, and they can do anything with any one, cross eyes and hair lips not barred," Mr. Goldberg explained. "In all the world there is no woman so ugly that they cannot be made beautiful."

A battered newspaper photographer unimpressed by the advertisement and Mr. Goldberg became so impressed with Miss Morris that he hired her as a regular model for Wednesday night's show. He said he would send agents about the city to-day in an endeavor to find some one who could qualify for the larger fee and that the offer still holds good.

At Last She Confesses.

"Oh, indeed, I am homely. I know I am," said Miss Morris pleadingly. But under Mr. Goldberg's insistence she soon broke down completely, unable longer to attempt denial. "I may not be beautiful, but I'm passably good looking," she admitted frankly. "I just came in here on a dare. The girls at the shop where I work bet me \$25 I didn't have the nerve."

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POWHATAN IN PORT. THREE OF CREW ILL

Wrecker Relief Tows Disabled
Transport to Halifax.

The transport Powhatan, after nine headless and lightless days and nights foundering in stormy seas southeast of Halifax, arrived in the harbor of that port at 7:30 o'clock last night in tow of the wrecking steamship Relief, assisted by the coast guard cutters Gretham and Osprey and the Canadian Government steamship Lady Laurier. Capt. Randall reported that despite their rough experience only three of the crew were slightly ill, all the rest being in first class condition.

The progress of the Powhatan after the Relief got hold of her was unaffected seriously by the sea, although at times it was feared that even the heavy manila hawsers of the sturdy Relief might give way. When the conveying squadron was about twenty-five miles off the harbor of Halifax yesterday afternoon a sudden gale slowed down the Powhatan and the former mill sweepers Kingsfisher hooked on to help steady her. The powerful pumps of the Relief will clear the boiler rooms of the crippled transport and after making temporary repairs she probably will return to this port under her own steam.

LEVINSON BONDS RECOVERED.

Frederick Hall Arrested as Julef-
sky Accomplice.

The police think they nearly have cleared up the theft of \$14,000 in Liberty bonds from the brokerage firm of E. D. Levinson & Co., 53 Broadway, last fall by the arrest early yesterday of Frederick Hall, 317 West Fifty-first street. Hall is charged with receiving the bonds from Leon Julefsky, formerly employed as messenger by the firm, who was arrested recently in Los Angeles. Cal. Detectives say Hall disposed of \$2,000 of the bonds for a third man and then got \$11,000 more on promise to do likewise. When the man demanded the proceeds of the sale, Hall told him the police raided a crap game in which he was participating and to avoid detection he threw the bonds into the fire.

TWO WOMEN HURT IN STREET EXPLOSIONS

Manhole Covers Thrown Into
Air by Gas Blasts.

A number of manhole covers in Seventh avenue and Broadway, between Forty-third and Forty-fourth streets, flew into the air just before noon yesterday, when subterranean gas explosions took place. Two women were overcome by shock, many persons were endangered and car tracks were damaged. Small chunks of asphalt showered among pedestrians.

The first explosion took place in Seventh avenue and tore a hole three feet square in the pavement. At the time a southbound Seventh avenue car was passing over the manhole. Several window panes were shattered. The car was crowded with passengers, but only two were injured. These were Julia Capler, 290 West Fifty-fourth street, and Florence Lang, 1110 Second avenue. They were taken to their homes in a taxicab suffering from shock.

The more powerful explosion was at Broadway and Forty-fourth street, in front of the Hotel Astor. The hole blown in the pavement was fifteen feet by five. Some of the debris was blown four stories high. The temporary roadbed of heavy wooden beams and iron girders was shattered. Steel rods supporting underground electric conduits were thrown into the air.

The explosions are believed to have been caused by ignition of a gas pocket in the earth by sparks from an underground surface car wire.

HUMAN ARSENAL IS CHASED BY POLICE

He Drops Thirteen Black-
jacks and Ten Revolvers.

Dropping thirteen blackjacks, ten revolvers, two pairs of handcuffs, eight deputy sheriff badges and six private detective shields, a man whose identity is unknown ran away when approached early yesterday morning at Broadway and the street by Patrolman Gaston Christiano of the Beach street station. Patrolman Christiano fired one shot at the man, but slipped when he started to chase him.

Other police men, called by the shot, found a fire-escape ladder at Reville and Church streets swung to the street and following footprints in the snow on the roofs discovered at 99 Chambers street William Rankin, 17, of 244 Race street, Philadelphia. He is charged with unlawful entry, though the police say Rankin admitted he and another man robbed a sporting goods store. The police think the pair intended opening a detective agency.

MRS. C. H. SPANG MADE THREE WILLS

Left Her Entire Estate to
Daughter in Second.

Senator Charles C. Lockwood, former attorney for Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Spang, continued his testimony yesterday at the trial of the will contest which Mrs. Spang's daughter, Mabel Cromie-Adler, has brought before Surrogate Cohen in New York City. The daughter alleges that her mother, Rosa E. Spang, was incompetent and unduly influenced when she made a will disposing of her \$100,000 estate the day before she died at the Waldorf-Astoria last July. Mrs. Spang left most of her large estate to an institution for needy children.

Senator Lockwood said yesterday that Mrs. Spang had executed a will prior to the death of her husband, leaving her property to a friend, Mollie Moore. After her husband's death she executed a will bequeathing her estate to her daughter, but the will was on her deathbed and left this daughter only \$10,000 annuity.

The trial will be continued to-day.

POLICEMAN ACCUSED OF THEFT, ARRESTED

Chauffeur Says Behan En-
couraged Him to Steal Car.

Patrolman Cuthbert L. Behan of the East Twenty-second street station was arrested yesterday in Yorkville Court after he had refused to testify when a chauffeur charged on the stand that the policeman put him up to stealing an automobile and going into the taxicab. Magistrate Schwab directed that a charge of acting in concert to commit grand larceny be made against Behan and Detective Martin Owens arrested him.

Behan is 25 years old and married. He lives at 1024 Jamaica avenue, Woodlawn. His accuser, John Falter, 2194 14th street, when questioned by Assistant District Attorney O'Shaughnessy said that on the night of January 11 Behan met him in Fourteenth street, pointed out a taxicab and told him to drive it to the hackett at Irving place. Falter did this and later, at Behan's direction, he drove the automobile to a garage at Eighteenth street and Seventh avenue.

A few days later Behan told Falter to change the number plate of the automobile and paint the wheels red. Then Behan and Falter met a third man, named Maxie and agreed that Maxie should drive the car on wages while Falter managed it as a taxicab and split the proceeds with Behan. All this was sworn to by Falter, who said he did not know the name or address of Maxie.

FIGHT FOR WAR SEIZED PLANT

Stoehr Says Palmer Acted Illegally
in Woolen Mills Cases.

Properties of the Botany Worsted Mills and of Stoehr & Sons, Inc., were seized by the Alien Property Custodian during the war as being enemy owned. Max W. Stoehr, a third man, who was experience only three of the crew were slightly ill, all the rest being in first class condition.

Reproductions of Old English Glass

Au Quatrieme

Complete sets of reproductions of old English glass, with the fine color and equality of the original glass, are among the recent achievements Au Quatrieme. In weight and surface and fineness of texture this glass resembles the antique glass so closely that many people who are familiar with glass mistake it for the old. Then we astonish them by telling them the glass is a reproduction made in England by much the same process by which the old glass was made. That is why people always have a feeling of assurance when they buy Au Quatrieme. When a thing is old, we tell them so; if it is a reproduction or partially restored, we tell them its exact history—what parts are old, and what are new.

Two Sets in the Collection

Two sets in the collection of reproductions of old English glass are typically lovely in design and color. One is of a deep amber, a remarkable color in itself and all the more remarkable because it is produced by the use of uranium, and is necessarily difficult to obtain for that reason. In this set are six sizes of stem glasses and one size tumbler, finger bowls, and plates and two decanters. One hundred and thirty-three pieces in the entire set. Price \$3,000.

Of Lovely Apple Green

is another set carved simply and quaintly with grooving and step-cutting. It is a particularly soft and beautiful apple green, very faint in the light and darker when seen in masses of several pieces. The effect is very lovely. One hundred and thirteen pieces in this set. Price \$1,500.

Fourth floor, Old Building.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway at Ninth, New York Formerly A. T. STEWART & CO. Store hours—9 to 5

Good morning!
Today is January 28th!
The weather today prob-
ably will be fair.

Business certainly has its temptations

So has a professional life and leisure also has temptations; so has poverty. Preaching and school teaching also frequently test a man's quality. Business and uprightness are not two things only to be joined together by high pressure. Temptations are not trifles but an honest business man could do business as rightly on Sunday, so far as integrity is concerned, as on any other day. It is not done on Sunday because of the distinctive and "all absorbing claims" of the Law giver of the Universe.

Young man entering a business life, be good at heart, and work conscientiously on honest principles and when the balance of the year is struck there will be much to the good. There is no harm in being rich if the rich man's spirit is right. This store has a broad conception of its duty to its employees and to the public.

[Signed]

John Wanamaker
January 28, 1920.

Preliminary to New York's Music Week

The Wanamaker Auditorium
is giving a concert each day
this week at 2:30 P. M.

"AMPCO INTERPRETATIONS"

Today—Russian composers,
interpreted by Rachmaninoff,
Ornstein, Souvaine, Jeanette
Vreeland, soprano, assisting.
No charge for admission.
First Gallery, New Building.

SALES Women's Frocks

At \$25—originally \$55
to \$69.50
At \$35, \$50, \$65, \$75,
\$95—originally
\$45 to \$245
At \$85 to \$110—origi-
nally \$135 to \$175

Georgette crepe, satin,
charmeuse and crepe de
chine.

Also evening gowns.
Light and dark shades.
Ginghams and voiles at \$5
to \$25—originally
\$8.50 to \$35

Sizes 34 to 42 in the col-
lection.

Second floor, Old Building,
Broadway side.

Linens

Very attractive real Ma-
deira work

100 luncheon sets, 13
pieces, \$5.75 set.

110 boudoir or baby
pillow cases, \$3.75 ea.

240 handkerchief
cases, 75c each.

And 328 round thread pure
Irish linen scalloped bu-
reau and buffet scarfs

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Fourth floor, Old Building.

As a woman sees the February Furniture Sale

She was asked by us to investigate and report impartially and truthfully on furniture conditions as a matter of information for the guidance and convenience of the people who read our announcements. Her findings are interesting. They should be read by every one. The substance of them should be spread abroad for the enlightenment of all home-makers.

"You HAVE the Furniture at astonishingly low prices"

Newspapers have devoted columns to the conditions that govern the Furniture market, and the consequent shortage and high prices.

One of the leading papers recently predicted that the scarcity of Furniture would not be relieved for five years at least.

One of the best known trade journals of the lumber industry supplied statistics that were in proof of the most disconcerting facts, both as to scarcity and price.

An authority on furniture and the furniture market told me that it would be impossible to meet the demands for furniture, and that prices would advance.

And so I started forth to investigate conditions as I should find them.

Was there a scarcity of furniture, and if so, how marked was it?

The surest way to determine this was to go right to the New York customer's source of supply—the New York dealers in furniture.

Furniture houses that supply dealers and interior decorators were visited.

These houses gave confirmation of all the pessimistic reports on the outlook as to furniture.

Then to the shops that made furniture on the premises or in out of the way places of business; but they couldn't take any orders, not even if you left the price open and agreed to take the rise, which they said was sure to come in labor and materials.

Next, the furniture shops which carried not a large stock, but just some choice pieces, were visited. When I asked about prices, one dealer said—

"Price is not the question, I can get any price, if I could only get the furniture."

Then the furniture stores, where the stocks were on hand, where a relief to be able to deal with the actual.

After I had seen several of these stores, there was no longer any chance of doubting the shortage.

When a shortage of upholstered furniture which was apparent everywhere, was recognized and commented upon these firms told of the unsuccessful struggle to get goods, of the terrific prices that were being paid for this kind of work, and numerous difficulties that had resulted in their small showing.

In some places, which had formerly carried a dozen styles of bedroom furniture, there were only half the number, and less, and these stores said that they were fortunate to have even that number under the present circumstances.

In smaller furniture, many stores had almost nothing. One of the largest frankly said that they had not been able to get anything in small furniture for

Every kind of upholstered furniture that was worth while was laid out on this floor in front of me.

Certainly the price must be tremendous. I said to myself, Here must be the rift in the late!

But no! the prices were exceedingly moderate. Knowing the conditions which surrounded the manufacturing of upholstered furniture today, I am more mystified by the low prices of Wanamaker furniture than by the fact that you have so large a collection.

Bedroom furniture and dining-room furniture were next to be inspected. There was suite after suite, and pieces to be used separately, and all of them showed the same discriminating taste that characterizes Wanamaker furniture.

There was no record here of conditions that I had observed elsewhere. Why, at one furniture store there had been such an evident falling away from the manufacturing of upholstered quality standard, and the fact was so glaringly true, that the explanation was forthcoming.

When I went into the section of upholstered furniture, for every store had agreed that this was the weakest point of their furniture stocks and that it was impossible to guard against here.

But the shortage which had been insisted upon as absolute, and from which no one had escaped, failed to materialize!

Here was the largest stock of upholstered furniture in New York, as big as the two largest stocks elsewhere.

There was no doubt what the public thought of this furniture event.

They went